SECTION 1: Language Use and Usage (Nos. 16 – 25) (20 marks)

Part 1: Dialogues (Nos. 16 – 18)

Directions: Read each situation and the dialogue carefully. Then, choose

1) the appropriate expression for the first missing part (Item A) and
2) the response/reaction to the expression for the second missing part (Item B).

Both answers in Items A and B must be correct in order for you to gain two marks. If either of your answers is wrong, you will not gain any marks.

ให้นักเรียนอ่านสถานการณ์และบทสนทนาแล้วเลือก

1) ข้อความที่เหมาะสมต่อสิ่งแวดล้อมในช่องว่างช่องแรก (Item A) และ
2) ข้อความที่ดีที่สุดตอบสนองในช่องว่างช่องที่สอง (Item B)

นักเรียนจะต้องเลือกข้อความที่ต้องการในช่องว่างให้ถูกต้องจึงจะได้ สอง คะแนน
ถ้าตอบข้อหนึ่งข้อใดผิดจะไม่ได้คะแนนเลย
Example/ตัวอย่าง

No. 0  Situation:  Nisa sees Frank in the morning in front of the school library.

  Nisa:  Good morning, Frank.  __A__
  Frank:  Good morning, Nisa.  __B__  And you?

A.  1.  What have you been doing?
    2.  Isn't it nice to see you here?
    3.  How are you today?
    4.  What are you doing here?

B.  1.  That's fine.
    2.  I'm very well, thank you.
    3.  I'm leaving now.
    4.  It's quite all right.
The correct answers are A3 and B2. Therefore, you must darken the circle under number 3 for question A and darken the circle under number 2 for question B as follows:

Now start to work on the following questions.

เนื่องตัวข้อสอบได้
16. Situation: Peter and Jane see each other after the summer vacation.

Peter: Hello, Jane. __A__

Jane: __B__ We went to the beach.

A. 1. How was your vacation?
    2. What did you do on the beach?
    3. Where did you spend your vacation?
    4. Did you go anywhere on your vacation?

B. 1. We plan to go to the beach.
    2. I always enjoy the trip.
    3. Yes, it was all right.
    4. It was great.

17. Situation: Paul and Ben are working in class.

Paul: Oh no. I have broken my pencil. __A__

Ben: __B__ But I’ll finish soon.

A. 1. Will you buy me one?
    2. Can you lend me yours?
    3. How many pencils do you have?
    4. Where is your pencil?

B. 1. Sure, I bought it.
    2. It’s under your chair.
    3. Yes, I have many pencils.
    4. Sorry, I’m still using it.
18. Situation: Helen is talking to a salesgirl in a shoe shop.

Helen: These shoes are too tight. ___A___

Salesgirl: Here you are. ___B___

Helen: These are fine.

A. 1. Will you have the right size?
   2. Do you want me to try a large size?
   3. Can I try on a larger size?
   4. Should you give me another pair?

B. 1. How do they fit?
   2. Try them again, will you?
   3. Shall we try another pair?
   4. Would you like to try them on?
Part 2: Usage (Nos. 19 – 22)

1. Directions: Read each sentence carefully. Then, choose
   1) the item that best completes the first part of the sentence and
   2) the item that best completes the second part.

   Both answers in Items A and B must be correct in order for you to gain
   two marks. If either of your answers is wrong, you will not gain any
   marks.

   ในแต่ละข้อจะมีค่าถาม สอง ค่าถามที่ต้องเลือกในนั้น นักเรียนจะต้องเลือกคำตอบ
   สำหรับค่าถามทั้งสองขอให้ถูกต้องจึงจะได้ สอง คะแนน ถ้าตอบค่าถามข้อ
   หนึ่งข้อใดถูกต้องไม่ได้คะแนนเลย

Example/ตัวอย่าง

No. 0 The girl in pink _A_ _B_ after she read the letter.

A. 1. will become 2. had become
   3. became 4. has become

B. 1. excitedly 2. excitingly
   3. excited 4. exciting

The correct answers are A3 and B3. Therefore, you must darken the circle
under number 3 for question A and darken the circle under number 3 for
question B as follows:

คำตอบที่ถูกต้องคือ A3 และ B3 ดังนั้นนักเรียนจะต้องระบุคำตอบที่ถูกต้องคือ 3
สำหรับคำถาม A และคำตอบที่ถูกต้องคือ 3 สำหรับคำถาม B ดังต่อไปนี้
Now start to work on the following questions.

19. **A** enter the classroom until the teacher **B** you to.

A. 1. Do
   2. Don't
   3. Does
   4. Doesn't

B. 1. told
   2. tell
   3. tells
   4. will tell
20. If you ___A___ out of the window on the top floor, you ___B___ the beautiful garden.

A.  1. look
    2. have looked
    3. were looking
    4. looked

B.  1. saw
    2. will see
    3. would have seen
    4. had seen
2. Directions: Read the sentences in A and B. Then, choose
1) the grammatically correct and meaningful sentence in A and
2) the Thai sentence in B that has the same meaning as the sentence in A.

You must answer the questions in both A and B correctly in order to gain two marks.

Example ตัวอย่าง

No. 0 A. 1. Students are playing in the field the football.
2. In the field are students with football playing.
3. In the field students with a football are playing.
4. Students are playing football in the field.

B. 1. นักเรียนกำลังเล่นฟุตบอลในสนามเพื่อเล่นกับฟุตบอล
2. นักเรียนกำลังเล่นฟุตบอลอยู่ในสนาม
3. นักเรียนกำลังจะเล่นฟุตบอลเพื่อเล่นฟุตบอล
4. นักเรียนที่กำลังเล่นในสนามเก็บฟุตบอลได้
The correct answers are A4 and B2. Therefore, you must darken the circle under number 4 for question A and darken the circle under number 2 for question B as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Choice Item No.</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0. A.</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. B.</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. B.</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Now start to work on the following questions.
21. A. 1. At a famous restaurant, Linda and her friend had lunch there.
   2. Linda had lunch with her friend at a famous restaurant.
   3. Her friend with Linda was at a famous restaurant for lunch.
   4. Linda, at a famous restaurant, with her friend had lunch.

B. 1. ื่ืนเดหาเพื่อนไปรับบริการอาหารกลางวันที่ภัตตาคารที่เธอรู้จักติด
   2. ื่ืนเดาและเพื่อนเข้มไปรับบริการอาหารที่ภัตตาคารที่คุณรู้จักดี
   3. ื่ืนเดารับบริการอาหารกลางวันกับเพื่อนที่ภัตตาคารที่มีชื่อเสียงแห่งหนึ่ง
   4. ื่ืนเดาและเพื่อนจะรับบริการอาหารที่ภัตตาคารที่มีชื่อเสียงเสมอ

22. A. 1. On television it was a good show last night that we watched.
   2. Last night there was a good show on television for us to watch.
   3. We watched television to see a good show last night.
   4. Last night we watched a good show on television.

B. 1. เมื่อคืนนั้นเราได้ดูรายการสิรายการหนังทางโทรทัศน์
   2. คืนนั้น我们就看了个好的电视节目
   3. มีรายการดีๆที่เราได้ดู
   4. เมื่อคืนนั้นเราได้ดูรายการที่ดีที่สุดในที่สุด
Part 3: Vocabulary (Nos. 23 – 25)

Directions: Read the passage carefully. Then, choose
1) the best word to fill in each blank (A) and
2) the correct meaning of the word (B).
Both answers in A and in B must be correct in order for you to gain two marks.

Example/ตัวอย่าง

Passage

Morning people like to get up early. They welcome the morning sun and _0_ their family happily. They choose early morning jobs and _1_ evening jobs. Since these people get up early, they often take a _2_ in the late afternoon.

No. 0  A. The missing word is ___.
1. greet  
2. praise  
3. cheer  
4. feed

B. The word means ___.
1. pay respect to  
2. keep oneself happy  
3. say hello to someone  
4. make someone feel happy
The correct answers for No. 0 are A1 and B3. Therefore, you must darken the circle under number 1 for question A and darken the circle under number 3 for question B as follows:

คำตอบที่ถูกต้องสำหรับ No. 0 คือ A1 และ B3 ดังนั้นให้ใช้ปากกาสีดำขัดเส้นรอบวงกลมที่อยู่ใต้เลข 1 สำหรับคำถาม A และรอบวงกลมที่อยู่ใต้เลข 3 สำหรับคำถาม B ดังตัวอย่างสีใต้ถ่าน

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Choice</th>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0. A.</td>
<td></td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B.</td>
<td></td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. A.</td>
<td></td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B.</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. A.</td>
<td></td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B.</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Now start to work on the following questions.

 이제시작하십시오
Passage

Some of the world’s most colorful and noisy birds belong to the parrot family. There are about 330__23__ of parrots, and nearly all of these__24__ in warm places. They feed mostly on__25__ food, such as fruit, seeds, pollen, and sugary nectar.

23. A. The missing word is ___.
   1. houses
   2. crowds
   3. kinds
   4. herds

B. The word means ___.
   1. families
   2. types
   3. members
   4. numbers

24. A. The missing word is ___.
   1. eat
   2. dwell
   3. fly
   4. swing

B. The word means ___.
   1. grow
   2. are raised
   3. are kept
   4. live
25. A. The missing word is ___.
   1. plant
   2. nature
   3. animal
   4. kitchen

B. The word means ___.
   1. a farm
   2. a type of flower
   3. a kind of green grass
   4. a living thing with stems, leaves and roots

SECTION 2: Reading (Nos. 26 – 30) (5 marks)

Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer to each question.
You will gain one mark for each correct answer.

Passage

Mr. Miller owns a repair shop in a small town. He repairs anything that people bring to his shop although he is a specialist in fixing medical equipment, especially hearing aids. One day an old gentleman came into Mr. Miller’s shop. He walked up to the counter where Mr. Miller was working and put a hearing aid on the counter without saying a word.
Mr. Miller picked it up and examined it. Then he asked him what had gone wrong with it. But the man did not answer him. So he asked him again, but this time in a very loud voice. The man, again, did not reply. Therefore, Mr. Miller shouted the question even louder. The old gentleman became very annoyed. He took out a piece of paper and a pen which he had bought before he came into the shop and wrote, "You don’t have to shout so loud. I’m not deaf. I could hear you very well when you first talked to me. I could not answer you because I have just been to the dentist and have had a tooth taken out. This hearing aid belongs to my wife. It fell onto the floor and will not turn on."

26. What does Mr. Miller do for a living?
   1. He sells medical equipment.
   2. He sells hearing aids.
   3. He is a repairman.
   4. He is a specialist.

27. Which is true?
   1. The customer was deaf.
   2. Mr. Miller did not hear well.
   3. The customer had a tooth pulled.
   4. The customer’s wife was too old to walk.
28. Why did Mr. Miller shout?
   1. The customer did not like Mr. Miller.
   2. Mr. Miller was upset by the customer's loud voice.
   3. Mr. Miller thought his customer had a hearing problem.
   4. Mr. Miller did not hear what the customer was saying to him.

29. Why didn't the customer speak to Mr. Miller?
   1. He had just been to the dentist.
   2. He didn't understand Mr. Miller's question.
   3. He didn't know what to do with the hearing aid.
   4. He couldn't hear what Mr. Miller was saying.

30. What was wrong with the hearing aid?
   1. It was not working properly.
   2. It was picked up and examined.
   3. It was taken to a repair shop.
   4. It did not belong to the old gentleman.