รหัสวิชา 93 ภาษาอังกฤษ

รหัสชุดข้อสอบ 100

สอบวันเสาร์ที่ 2 กุมภาพันธ์ 2556

เวลา 13.00 - 14.30 น.

ชื่อ.........................................................นามสกุล.........................................................เลขที่นั่งสอบ.........................................................

สถานที่สอบ...............................................................ห้องสอบ...............................................................
ค่ายซีแอง

แบบทดสอบที่มีวัตถุประสงค์เพื่อวัดผลสมวัยที่ทางการศึกษา กลุ่มสาระการเรียนรู้ภาษาอังกฤษของนักเรียนระดับชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 3 ตามมาตรฐานการเรียนรู้ช่วงซีที่ 3 หลักสูตรการศึกษาขั้นพื้นฐาน พ.ศ. 2551

อัตราและแบบทดสอบ แบบทดสอบฉบับนี้มี 22 หัว

เป็นแบบปัจจุบัน 4 ตัวเลือก เลือก 1 คำตอบที่ถูกต้อง จำนวน 50 ข้อ แบ่งเป็น 4 ตอน คือ ตอนที่ 1 Conversation ตอนที่ 2 Reading Comprehension ตอนที่ 3 Grammar and Vocabulary และ ตอนที่ 4 Miscellaneous

วิธีการตอบ ให้ใช้ดินสอดำ 2B ระบายในวงกลมที่เป็นคำตอบในกระดาษคำตอบ

เกณฑ์การให้คะแนน (คะแนนเต็ม 100 คะแนน)

ข้อ 1 - 50 ข้อละ 2 คะแนน

ข้อปฏิบัติในการสอบ

1. เขียนชื่อ – นามสกุล เลขที่นั่งสอบ สถานที่สอบ และห้องสอบบนหน้าปกแบบทดสอบ

2. ตรวจสอบชื่อ – นามสกุล เลขที่นั่งสอบ รหัสวิชาที่สอบ เลขประจำตัวประชาชน 13 หลัก

ในกระดาษคำตอบว่าตรงทั้งตัวผู้สอบหรือไม่ กรณีที่ไม่ตรงให้แจ้งผู้ช่วยสอบเพื่อขอกระดาษคำตอบ

3. แบบทดสอบวิชาภาษาอังกฤษ ให้ใช้ดินสอดำ 2B ระบายวงกลมที่เป็นคำตอบที่เป็นรหัสข้อมูลสอบที่ผู้ดูแลระบบของระบบคอมพิวเตอร์ให้ถูกต้องตรงกับเลขรหัสข้อมูลสอบบนหน้าปกแบบทดสอบ

แบบทดสอบ

4. อ่านคำถามและวิธีการตอบข้อสอบให้เข้าใจ แล้วตอบข้อสอบด้วยตนเองและไม่ยอมให้ผู้อื่นช่วยตอบ

คำตอบได้

5. เมื่อสอบเสร็จ ให้ซองกระดาษคำตอบไว้ในแบบทดสอบ

6. ไม่ผูกบุญบัตรให้ผู้เข้าสอบออกจากห้องสอบ ถ้าหมดเวลาสอบ

7. ไม่ผูกบุญบัตรให้ผู้ช่วยสอบเปิดอ่านข้อสอบ
O-Net 2012 (English) (100 points)

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Part 1: Conversation (10 ข้อ ข้อละ 2 คะแนน รวม 20 คะแนน)

Directions: Read the dialog and choose the best answer. (Questions 1–3)

At a sports shop

Staff: Can I help you?
Customer: I am looking for some shoes for exercising.
Staff: Sure. Do you mean these ones?
Customer: Great! Can I try them on?
Staff: Definitely. ___ (1) ___
Customer: 43, I think.
Staff: Here you are.

1. 1. How old are you now?
2. What is the best price you can offer?
3. What size do you take?
4. How many pairs do you have?
In the office

Boss: Oh no! That's the phone again!
Secretary: _____ (2) _____
Boss: Thanks.

2. 1. Shall I take it?
   2. Will you answer it?
   3. Can you do me a favor?
   4. May I hang it up?

At home

Joe: Don't forget to take an umbrella with you.
Jane: Of course. I won't.

3. Joe says that because ________.
   1. the rain has just stopped
   2. it is going to rain
   3. the road is flooded
   4. Jane left an umbrella at home
Directions: Read the situations and choose the best answer. (Questions 4-9)

Situation: You want to go to the Art Museum, but the map does not help you and you feel that you are getting lost.

4. What will you say?
   1. How long does it take to get to the Art Museum?
   2. How far is it to the Art Museum?
   3. How much does the ticket to the Art Museum cost?
   4. How can I get to the Art Museum?

Situation: Your senior friend is planning to eat out. He asks you where to have dinner.

5. What will you say?
   1. Do you like steak or pizza?
   2. Why don't you try this Vietnamese restaurant?
   3. How about reserving a table for two?
   4. What time will you be free for dinner?
Situation: You don’t know the meaning of ‘multilingual’ and you want to look it up in your friend’s dictionary.

6. What will you say?
   1. Will you give me your dictionary?
   2. Can you lend me your dictionary?
   3. Do you know the meaning of ‘multilingual’?
   4. Is your dictionary a good one?

Situation: Your neighbor invites you to his birthday party. You want to go, but you’re not sure whether you can go or not.

7. What will you say?
   1. Sorry. I’m busy.
   2. I can’t. I have to work.
   3. I’d love to, but let me check my schedule first.
   4. That sounds good. See you there.
Situation: You want to cheer your friend up by saying “If you do it regularly, you’ll be very good at it.”

8. What saying/proverb is the most appropriate?
   1. Practice makes perfect.
   2. No one is too old to learn.
   3. It’s half way done.
   4. Do no wrong is do nothing.

Situation: You want your friend to start doing his homework right now or it will be too late.

9. What saying/proverb is the most appropriate?
   1. Better late than never.
   2. Time and tide waits for no man.
   3. Time flies when we are having fun.
   4. Where there is a will, there is a way.
Directions: Read the sign and choose the best answer. (Question 10)

Wet Paint

10. When you see this sign, what will you say to your 9-year-old brother?
   1. You must wear boots because the floor is slippery.
   2. You must wear the raincoat or you’ll get wet.
   3. You must stay away from the area because it is under construction.
   4. You must not sit on the bench, so just stay away from it.

Part 2: Reading Comprehension (15 ข้อ ข้อละ 2 คะแนน รวม 30 คะแนน)

Directions: Read the following passages and choose the best answer. (Questions 11–23)

Reading One (Questions 11–15)

Teens love mobiles and most have one. Is this a good thing? Mobiles are useful in case of an emergency. You can easily contact family members when you need them. They also help communication. You can also send text messages or chat wherever you are.

On the other hand, mobiles can be costly. If you talk a lot on your mobile, you’ll have to pay a huge phone bill. They can also easily distract you. You can spend hours playing games and neglect your homework.

Mobile phones are very useful especially in emergency situations. However, teens need to learn to use them sensibly.
11. What is main topic of the first paragraph?

1. Sending text messages via mobiles
2. Using mobiles in an emergency case
3. The benefits of mobile phones
4. The problems with mobile phones

12. The writer advises teens to ________.

1. contact their family members via mobiles
2. pay the phone bill themselves
3. stop playing games and do homework
4. be more careful when using them

13. The word 'costly' means ________.

1. expensive
2. unsafe
3. useless
4. unlawful
14. What does *them* refer to?
   1. mobiles
   2. messages
   3. members
   4. teens

15. The word *neglect* can be the same as ________.
   1. cancel
   2. avoid
   3. stop
   4. decrease
Reading Two (Questions 16 – 20)

(Paragraph 1) New York is a fantastic city for everyone and you don’t have to spend a lot of money. In fact, there are even some things you can do without spending a single cent.

(Paragraph 2) First of all, you can go on a tour of the New York Bay on one of the free Staten Island Ferries. The tour takes you round the bay and you can see the Statue of Liberty and the district of Manhattan with all its famous skyscrapers and other buildings.

(Paragraph 3) After your ride, you can visit the Brooklyn Children’s Museum. Tickets are quite cheap and there are lots of fantastic exhibitions and activities for kids of all ages. You can try on a costume, see animals and insects and take a look at the collection of 30,000 objects around the world.

(Paragraph 4) You must also visit Central Park. You can sunbathe, fish in the lake or just go for a relaxing walk. People from all over the world live here, so you can hear lots of different languages. In the evening, you can go to the theatre on Broadway. If you’re lucky, you’ll get some cheap tickets.

(Paragraph 5) And when you’ve finished looking at the sights, you can eat, of course. You mustn’t leave without trying the local food. Bagels are delicious chewy bread rings. You can buy them on the street. You must also try an original New York hotdog. They’re cheap and tasty.
16. What is the shape of ‘bagels’?

1. □

2. ○

3. △

4. ⬣

17. What does the writer think about New York?

1. It is not a nice city to live in.
2. It is the center of world languages.
3. It is the city of famous skyscrapers.
4. It is not an expensive city as many think.

18. In New York, you can do many activities for free EXCEPT ____________.

1. seeing famous objects at the Brooklyn Children’s Museum
2. touring New York Bay on the Staten Island Ferry
3. sunbathing at the beautiful Central Park
4. listening to people speaking different languages
19. The word 'here' refers to _________.
   1. in Central Park
   2. in Brooklyn
   3. in New York
   4. in Manhattan

20. Which paragraph does NOT say about New York's famous places?
   1. Paragraph 2
   2. Paragraph 3
   3. Paragraph 4
   4. Paragraph 5
Reading Three (Questions 21 - 23)

Swimming is a great exercise. It’s healthy, fun, and relaxing. Because swimming is a low-impact sport, people can enjoy participating in this activity without fear of injury to bones or muscles.

Jogging, a high-impact activity, can be harmful for some people. I know this from personal experience. Last year while I was jogging, I injured my right knee. I didn’t go jogging anymore.

After a painful month of recovery, I stopped running and switched to water sports. I’m now considering joining the swimming team at my health club and competing in races.

Staying fit should be fun.

21. The writer has done all EXCEPT ________.

1. jogging
2. swimming
3. joining the swimming team
4. keeping himself fit

22. The word ‘harmful’ is closest in meaning to __________.

1. dangerous
2. healthy
3. difficult
4. effective
23. What is NOT true according to the passage?

1. The writer has already stopped jogging.
2. The writer has won several swimming races.
3. It took the writer a month to recover from injury.
4. Swimming is safer than jogging.

Reading Four

Directions: Read the following table and choose the best answer. (Question 24)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cats</th>
<th>Dogs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- excellent pets</td>
<td>- excellent pets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- don't have to watch during the day</td>
<td>- shouldn't be left alone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- easy to get care if owner is away</td>
<td>- difficult to get care if owner is away</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

24. The above table ________.

1. shows how cats and dogs are excellent pets
2. points out why cats and dogs are different
3. gives reasons why cats are better than dogs
4. says the similarity and differences between cats and dogs
Reading Five

Directions: Read the following bar graph and choose the best answer. (Question 25)

Students’ Midterm Scores in Mathematics

25. From the bar graph, ________.

1. Laura’s score is higher than Tony’s
2. the gap between Tony’s and Daniel’s scores is 60
3. if the passing mark is 60%, three students fail the exam
4. Daniel’s score is a bit lower than Jack’s
Part 3: Grammar and Vocabulary (15 ข้อ ข้อละ 2 คะแนน รวม 30 คะแนน)

Directions: Choose the best answer. (Questions 26 – 40)

Passage One (Questions 26 – 33)

It was about 9 a.m. in Sangkhlaburi district of Kanchanaburi (26) ________. I saw several women fishing from a small floating dock on the waterfront. (27) ________, I didn’t (28) ________ much attention. My friend and I just went out to have breakfast and then took a (29) ________ boat ride up the river. When we got back from the boat trip, they (30) ________ in the very hot sun.

My friend asked one of them how she was doing, and they were happy to show us the fish they (31) ________. I took her photo and was very (32) ________ that she and her friends were still there.

There is no way I would be able to sit in the hot sun for that long. Those ladies have my utmost respect and make me (33) ________ just how strong Thai people can be.

26. 1. region
     2. province
     3. area
     4. zone

27. 1. At all
     2. At last
     3. At once
     4. At first
28. 1. take  
    3. pay  
2. spend  
4. give

29. 1. three hours  
    3. three-hour  
2. three hour  
4. three-hours

30. 1. were still fishing  
    3. have still fished  
2. still fished  
4. had still been fishing

31. 1. had arrested  
    3. had been arrested  
2. had caught  
4. had been caught

32. 1. surprise  
    3. surprising  
2. surprisingly  
4. surprised

33. 1. to realize  
    3. realizing  
2. realize  
4. realized
Passage Two (Questions 34 – 40)

Hello, I’m Shiharu. I’m from Japan. I (34) _________ in Thailand for 3 years. I (35) _________ teach in Bangkok before I moved to Nakhon Si Thammarat. Now I (36) _________ at Triam Udom Suksa School of the South.

Here my life is a lot (37) _________ because I don’t have to worry (38) _________ the traffic. In Bangkok, I (39) _________ hours on the road. I enjoy teaching Japanese to Thai students. (40) _________ friendly and helpful.

34. 1. lived 2. am living
    3. have lived

35. 1. used to 2. ought to
    3. have to

36. 1. was teaching 2. am teaching
    3. have been teaching
    4. will be teaching
37. 1. lonelier
    3. busier

38. 1. with
    3. about

39. 1. have spent
    3. was spending

40. 1. It is
    3. We are

2. harder
4. easier

2. for
4. by

2. spent
4. spend

2. I am
4. They are
Part 4: Miscellaneous (10 ข้อ ขั้นตอน 2 คะแนน รวม 20 คะแนน)

Restatement

Directions: Choose the correct answer which has the same meaning as the given sentence. (Questions 41 – 45)

41. Unless you study harder, you will not pass the examination.
   1. You didn’t pass the exam because you didn’t study harder.
   2. You passed the exam because you studied harder.
   3. You will fail the examination if you don’t study harder.
   4. You study harder, but you won’t pass the exam.

42. Of the three sisters, Anna is the least beautiful.
   1. The other two sisters are more beautiful than Anna.
   2. Anna is as beautiful as the other two sisters.
   3. The other two sisters are less beautiful than Anna.
   4. Anna is more beautiful than one of her sisters.
43. Since Sally moved to London in 1998, she hasn’t moved to any other place.

1. Sally is not living in London now.
2. Sally is now in London.
4. Sally lived in London before she moved to another place.

44. Nancy drove too fast so she had a serious accident.

1. If Nancy knew she would have a serious accident, she wouldn’t have driven too fast.
2. If Nancy drove at a very high speed, she wouldn’t have a serious accident.
3. If Nancy had driven at a very high speed, she would have had a serious accident.
4. If Nancy hadn’t driven too fast, she wouldn’t have had a serious accident.

45. Thomas wants to be a famous artist and so do Jonas and Willy.

1. Only Thomas wants to become a famous artist.
2. Thomas’, Jonas’ and Willy’s ambition is to become a famous artist.
3. Because Thomas wants to be a famous artist, Jonas and Willy follow him.
4. Thomas wants to be a famous artist, so he wants Jonas and Willy to be too.
Error Recognition

Directions: Choose the answer which is grammatically incorrect. (Questions 46 – 50)

46. (1) The Great Wall of China is (2) one of the (3) most greatest (4) man-made structures in the world.

47. Nop is a good (1) children of his parents (2) since he often helps (3) them (4) do the housework.

48. “English Train” (1) not only enables students to understand (2) how to learn English, (3) and also make them (4) better language learners.

49. There are (1) several million people (2) on Skype chatting with friends, having meetings with colleagues and (3) business partners, and (4) show photos of their families.

50. Some words (1) used in Canadian English (2) but not in American English, for example, (3) Canadians often refer to a dollar (4) as a loonie.